API A53 A106 CS Seamless Pipes For Oil Petro Industry

Basic Information

Place of Origin: CHINABrand Name: DEYE

Certification: ISO9001:2015 CE
 Model Number: DY-SP-C01
 Minimum Order Quantity: 5 TONS

• Price: USD600/ each ton

Packaging Details: wooden case, pallet, bundles or as

customers' requirement

• Delivery Time: 30 days for usual order, 7 days for stock

sizes

• Payment Terms: T/T, D/P, L/C

Supply Ability: 1000 tons for each month



Product Specification

• Standard: ASME B36.19M, DIN, GOST

• Material: A106GR B, API5L GR.B A53GR.B

SS316/SS316L, SS304/304L, SAF2507, SAF2205, UNS31803, UNS32750, 904L,

INCONEL625

• Size: 1/2"(DN15)-24"(DN600) For SMLS 12"

(DN200)-88"(DN2200) For Welded

• Types: Seamless Pipe, Welded Pipe, ERW Pipe,

SAW Pipe, FAW Pipe

• Highlight: A106 cs seamless pipes,

A53 cs seamless pipes, A106GR B cs smls pipe

Product Description

API A53 A106 CS Seamless Pipes For Oil Petro Industry

ASTM A106 Grade B pipe (ASME SA106 Pipe) is seamless carbon steelpipe widely used in differentindustries as fluid transmission.

hightemperature services.ASTM A106 Grade B Specificationcovers seamless carbon steel pipefor high-temperature service in NPS 1-8 to NPS 48 inclusive, with nominal (average) wall thickness as given in ANSI B36.10.All pipes under ASTM A106 are

suitable for bending, welding, and other forming operation. A106 is also known as SA106.

Difference between ASTM A106 and ASTM A53

Both A106 and A53 are carbon steel pipes having wide applications. From outview, they are very similar products. However, there are some differences between ASTM A106 and ASTM A53 pipe materials. The major differences that differentiate A106 pipe material from A53 pipes are provided in the following table

ASTM A106	ASTM A53
ASTM A106 pipes are	ASTM A53 pipes can be seamless or
seamless pipes.	welded.
	ASTM A53 pipes do not have silicon in their composition.
A106 pipes are generally costlier than A53 pipes.	A53 pipes are usually cheaper than A106 pipes.
, ,	A53 pipes are usually not applied for hightemperature applications.

Product Information/Product Description/Basis Information/Specification

Name	Seamless steel pipe/ Steel pipe/steel tube/stainless steel steel pipe/welded steel pipe/welded steel tube						
Types	Seamless Carbon Steel Boiler Tube Pipe, seamless Industry Pipes, stainles steel tubes, stainless steel pipes						
Size	DN: Seamless:10-914mm 3/8"-36"						
Thickness	Wall Thickness: SCH5S, SCH10S SCH10 SCH20 SCH30 STD SCH40S, SCH40, SCH80S, SCH80, SCH60 XS SCH100 SCH120S SCH120 SCH140 SCH160 XXS 2mm-120mm Accept customization						
Length	Single random length/Double random length/Fixed Length 5m-14m,5.8m,6m,10m-12m,12m Accept customization						
Surface Treatment	Carbon steel with surface of Bare, painting black, varnished, galvanized, anti-corrosion 3PE PP/EP/FBE coating Stainless Steel with Surface of acid pickling or polished.						
Material	Carbon steel: 10#, 20#, 45#, ASTM A105 etc. * ASTM A53, A106, A210, A252, A333 etc; * API5L X42, API 5L X46, API 5L X52, API5L X60, API5L X65, API5L X70 etc; * JIS STPG42, G3454, G3456 etc; * German St37, St42, St45, St52, DIN1626, DIN17175 * Chinese 20#, Q345, 16Mn etc Alloy steel: ASTM A234 GR.WPB,ASTM A182 GR.F22/F11 CL2/CL3, ASTM A234 GR.WP11/WP22 CL.2/CL.1 P1,P2,P5,P9,P11,P12,P22, P91,P92,15CrMO,Cr5Mo,10CrMo910,12CrMo,13CrMo44,30CrMo,A333 GR.1,GR.3,GR.6,GR.7, etc Stainless steel: SS304, SS304L, SS304H, SS321, SS316, SS316L, SS310S, 904L, 254SMO, 253MA etc. Duplex: 2205, 2507, F55 etc. Nickle Alloy: Hastelloy C276, Inconel 601,Inconel 625, Inconel 718, Monel 400, Monel K500 etc. Copper Nickel: CuNi 90/10, CuNi 70/30						
Standard	AASME, ASTM, MSS, JIS, DIN, EN * American ASME B36.10M, ASTM, API 5L, API 5CT * Japanese JIS * German DIN * Chinese GB * BS standard						
End Connection	Plain end/Beveled, protected by plastic caps on both ends, cut square, grooved, threaded and coupling.						

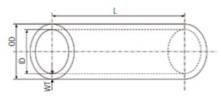
Applications	Petroleum, chemical, power, gas, metallurgy, shipbuilding, construction, etc
Shipment	By 20GP/ 40GP containers, by loose Containers LCL; bulk vessels, top
	open containers

Technology/ Technical Data Sheets

Thickness List for seamless pipes as per ANSI B36.10 Unit: MM

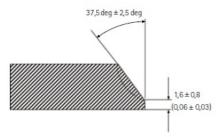
NPS	Outside Dimeter	Different thickness with tolerance of +-12.5%							
		STD	Sch40	Sch60	XS	Sch80	Schl20	Sch160	XXS
1/8	10. 3	1. 73	1. 73	\vdash	2. 41	2. 41	—		—
1/4	13. 7	2. 24	2. 24	\vdash	3. 02	3. 02	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash
3/8	17. 1	2. 31	2. 31	\vdash	3. 20	3. 20	\vdash	_	\vdash
1/2	21. 3	2. 77	2. 77	\vdash	3. 73	3. 73	 	4. 78	7. 47
3/4	26. 7	2. 87	2. 87	\vdash	3. 91	3. 91	—	5. 56	7. 82
1	33.4	3. 38	3. 38	\vdash	4. 55	4. 55	F	6. 35	9. 09
1 1/4	42. 2	3. 56	3. 56	F	4. 85	4. 85	F	6. 35	9. 70
1 1/2	48. 3	3. 68	3. 68	\vdash	5. 08	5. 08	—	7. 14	10. 15
2	60. 3	3. 91	3. 91	—	5. 54	5. 54		8. 74	11. 07
2 1/2	73. 0	5. 16	5. 16	F	7. 01	7.01	F	9. 53	14. 02
3	88. 9	5. 49	5. 49	\vdash	7. 62	7. 62	F	11. 13	15. 24
3 1/2	101.6	5. 74	5. 74	\vdash	8. 08	8. 08	F-	<u> </u>	_
4	114. 3	6.02	6. 02	\vdash	8. 56	8. 56	11. 13	13. 49	17. 12
5	141.3	6. 55	6. 55	F	9. 53	9. 53	12. 70	15. 88	19. 05
6	168. 3	7. 11	7. 11	\vdash	10. 97	10. 97	14. 27	18. 26	21.95
8	219. 1	8. 18	8. 18	10. 31	12. 70	12. 70	18. 26	23. 01	22.23
10	273. 1	9. 27	9.27	12. 70	12. 70	15. 09	21. 44	28. 58	25. 40
12	323.9	9. 53	10. 31	14. 27	12. 70	17. 48	25. 40	33. 32	25. 40
14	355. 6	9. 53	11. 13	15. 09	12. 70	19. 05	27. 79	35. 71	<u> </u>
16	406. 4	9. 53	12. 70	16. 66	12. 70	21. 44	30. 96	40. 49	_
18	457. 2	9. 53	14. 27	19. 05	12. 70	23. 83	34. 96	45. 24	_
20	508. 0	9. 53	15. 09	20. 62	12. 70	26. 19	38. 10	50. 01	\vdash
22	558. 8	9. 53	F	22. 23	12. 70	28. 58	41. 28	53. 98	\vdash
24	609. 6	9. 53	17. 48	24. 61	12. 70	30. 96	46. 02	59. 54	
26	660.4	9. 53	<u> </u>	$\overline{}$	12. 70	\vdash	\vdash		
28	711.2	9. 53	F	\vdash	12. 70	F	F	F	\vdash
30	762. 0	9. 53	\vdash	\vdash	12. 70	\vdash	\vdash	_	\vdash
32	812. 8	9. 53	17. 48	$\overline{}$	12. 70	\vdash	<u> </u>	\vdash	\vdash
34	863. 6	9. 53	17. 48	\vdash	12. 70	\vdash			_
36	914. 4	9. 53	17. 48	\vdash	12. 70	F	\vdash	F	\vdash
38	965.2	9. 53	\vdash	\vdash	12. 70	\vdash	\vdash	F	\vdash
40	1016. 0	9. 53		\vdash	12. 70	\vdash		\vdash	
42	1066. 8	9. 53	<u> </u>	 	12. 70	\vdash		<u> </u>	
44	1117. 6	9. 53	F	\vdash	12. 70	F	\vdash	F	\vdash
46	1168.4	9. 53	\vdash	\vdash	12. 70	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash
48	1219. 2	9. 53	\vdash	\vdash	12. 70	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash

Dimension Design



OD ... Outside Diameter
ID ... Inside Diameter
WT ... Wall Thickness
L ... Length
If minimum wall thickness is required variations are allowed on the plus side only

Butt Welding Ends



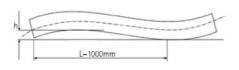
ANSI / ASME B16.25-2007

Fig. 4 Weld Bevel Details for GTAW Root Pass [WT > 3mm (0,12 in.) to 10mm (0,38 in.), Inclusive]

GENERAL NOTES:

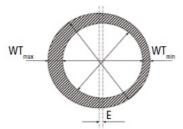
a) This detail applies for gas tungsten arc welding (GTAW) of the root pass where nominal thickness is over 3mm b) Linear dimensions are in millimeters with inch values in parentheses.

Straightness Requirement



tandard pipes and tubes are supplied straightened to the eye: for special applications the permissible deviation from the straight line may be agreed between purchaser and pipe manufacturer; the maximum permissible deviation from the straight line related to the length of measurement L is to be indicated, e.g. 1mm/1000mm.

Eccentricity



E is half of the difference between biggest and smallest wall thickness (WT) values in one cross section.

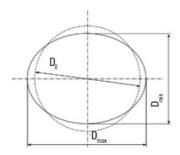
$$E(mm) = \frac{WT_{max} - WT_{min}}{2}$$

In terms of mm:

However, eccentricity is expressed as a percentage of the mean wall thickness of this cross section

$$E(\%) = \frac{WT_{max} - WT_{min}}{WT_{max} + WT_{min}} \cdot 100$$

Mean Diameter inside and outside



D0 is the arithmetic mean between the smallest and biggest tube diameter on any one pipes or tube circumference. If minimum wall thickness is required variations are allowed on the plus side only

Ovality

O is the difference between biggest and smallest diameter on any one tube circumference

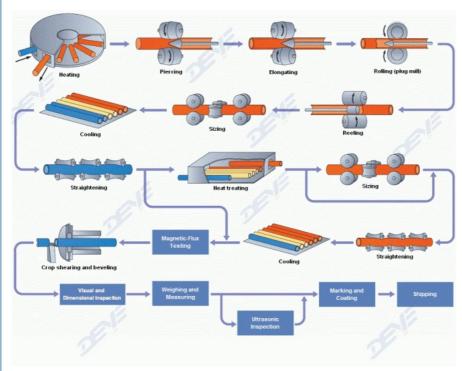
As a percentage of the mean diameter this is:

$$O(mm) = \frac{D_{max} - D_{min}}{D_{max} + D_{min}} \cdot 200$$

Ovality must not be confused with eccentricity.

SEAMLESS PIPE MANUFACTURING PROCESS

Mild steel seamless pipes from 1/8 to 24 inch. are manufactured with the so-called "plug mill process" or the "extrusion process" (used for smaller diameters), whereas the "mandrel mill process" is used for larger diameters.



Application/Usage

Seamless steel pipes are used for different applications within the oil & gas industry:

- upstream operations (OCTG pipes)
- •midstream (transmission and distribution of fluids, as oil, gas, steam, acids, slurries)
- downstream (process piping to refine oil and gas in derivative products)
- •general plumbing applications for utility services

FAQ: Question and Answers

Q: What is the different between seamless pipes and seamless Tubes?

A: Seamless steel pipes shall not be confused with seamless tubes. Indeed, there are a few important differences between pipes and tubes, which are not only semantic. In general, the word "pipe" applies to any tubular used to convey fluids, whereas the word "tube" applies to tubular sections (of various shapes, round, oval, squared) used for structural/mechanical applications, instrumentation systems, and the construction of pressure equipment like boilers, heat exchangers, and superheaters.

Q: What is the tolerance of the seamless pipes

A: Dimensions tolerance for API 5L /A106GR.B seamless pipe.

- 1. For outer diameters less than 2 3/8 in (60.3 mm), pipe body diameter tolerance +/-0.5 mm. Pipe end +/- 0.5 mm; Out of Roundness tolerance for pipe body is 0.9 mm (0.036 in), pipe end 0.6 mm (0.024 mm).
- 2. For OD equal or above 2 3/8 in (60.3) to 24 in (610 mm), (diameter tolerance) for pipe body is +/- 0.0075D pipe end +/-0.005D but max to ± -1.6 mm (0.063mm);

Roundness tolerance for pipe body≤0.015D, pipe end≤0.01D.

(In case agreed with manufacturer and client, more strictly tolerances could be applied)

3. For wall thickness

Below than 4 mm (0 0157 in), tolerance +0.6 (0.024 mm), -0.5 mm (0.020 in);

For API 5L seamless steel pipe thickness in 4 mm to 10 mm (0.394 in), +0. 150t, -0.125t;

For API seamless pipe thickness 10 mm to 25mm (0.984 in), +/-0.125t;

Wall thickness≥25 mm, +3.7mm or +0.1t (if larger) and -3.0 mm (0.120 in) or -0.1t (if larger). t for thickness.

- 4. For straightness, max for full length, tolerance maximum 0.15% of length.
- 5. Straightness, max deviation for pipe end, shall be≤0.3 mm/m.
- 6. Length +/- 200 mm for general, +/- 25.4 mm for special.







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